## **AP CSP Python with CodeX** Functions with Parameters #1 Name: **Activity Guide Review: Functions** Write three or more things you Answers will vary. Answers could include: know about functions. • A function is a type of abstraction. A function is procedural abstraction. • A function is a block of code with a name. You can call a function multiple times. A function reduces duplicated code. **Functions with Parameters #1 Examples** Go through the slides for Example Notes as needed. – Pixels1 program (with RGB) #1. Take notes as needed in the This example introduces parameters. It discusses the relationship between space provided. argument and parameter. The example program ends with three parameters, and the use of RGB triplets as an argument. Go through the slides for Example Notes as needed - Billboard program #2. Take notes as needed in the The example uses a global variable as a parameter. space provided. Go through the slides on local Notes as needed. Notes from the slides: variables. Take notes in the space Both functions with parameters also have local variables. provided as needed. A local variable is declared and used only in a function. On slide 28, you are given Identify the parameters and local variables in the first function: turn\_pixels(): functions from the **Parameters** Color, brightness, delay Pixels1\_parameters program. Local variables none Identify the parameters and local variables in the second function: random\_color(). Can you also identify the arguments? **Parameters** none Local variables Red, green, blue, color Write a possible function call for the two functions that are called in random\_color(): random.randrange() Red = random.randrange(256) turn\_pixels() turn\_pixels(color, 100, 1)

## **Check for Understanding:**

## Function:

```
def ending(count):
if count == 4:
    display.print("You won!")
else:
    display.print("You lost")
```

Identify the parameters and local variables for this function.

Parameters	count
Local Variables	none

Give a possible function all for the function:

ending(count) or ending(5)